LEGISLATURE OF NEBRASKA

ONE HUNDRED EIGHTH LEGISLATURE

FIRST SESSION

LEGISLATIVE BILL 753

Introduced by Linehan, 39; at the request of the Governor; Aguilar, 35; Albrecht, 17; Armendariz, 18; Ballard, 21; Brewer, 43; Briese, 41; Clements, 2; DeKay, 40; Dover, 19; Erdman, 47; Geist, 25; Halloran, 33; Hansen, B., 16; Hardin, 48; Holdcroft, 36; Hughes, 24; Ibach, 44; Jacobson, 42; Kauth, 31; Lippincott, 34; Lowe, 37; McDonnell, 5; McKinney, 11; Moser, 22; Murman, 38; Riepe, 12; Sanders, 45; Slama, 1; von Gillern, 4; Wayne, 13.

Read first time January 18, 2023

Committee: Revenue

1	A BILL FOR AN ACT relating to revenue and taxation; to amend sections
2	77-2715.07, 77-2717, and 77-2734.03, Revised Statutes Cumulative
3	Supplement, 2022; to adopt the Opportunity Scholarships Act; to
4	provide for tax credits; to harmonize provisions; to provide an
5	operative date; to provide for severability; and to repeal the
6	original sections.

7 Be it enacted by the people of the State of Nebraska,

1	Section 1. <u>Sections 1 to 13 of this act shall be known and may be</u>
2	cited as the Opportunity Scholarships Act.
3	Sec. 2. <u>The Legislature finds that:</u>
4	<u>(1) Enabling the greatest number of parents and legal guardians to</u>
5	choose among quality educational opportunities for children will improve
6	the quality of education available to all children;
7	(2) Privately operated elementary and secondary schools in Nebraska
8	satisfy the state's requirements for legal operation and provide quality
9	educational opportunities for children;
10	<u>(3) Parents and legal guardians of limited means are less able to</u>
11	choose among quality educational opportunities for their children;
12	(4) Making it possible for more parents and legal guardians to be
13	able to choose privately operated schools benefits Nebraska parents and
14	taxpayers; and
15	<u>(5) It is in the best interests of the State of Nebraska and its</u>
16	citizens to encourage individuals and businesses to support organizations
17	that financially assist parents and legal guardians who want to enroll
18	their children in privately operated elementary and secondary schools,
19	and such encouragement can be accomplished through the use of tax
20	<u>credits.</u>
21	Sec. 3. For purposes of the Opportunity Scholarships Act:
22	(1) Department means the Department of Revenue;
23	<u>(2) Education scholarship means a financial grant-in-aid to be used</u>
24	to pay all or part of the tuition and fees for attending a qualified
25	school and includes any tuition grants;
26	<u>(3) Eligible student means a resident of Nebraska who:</u>
27	(a) Is a dependent member of a household that, for the most recently
28	concluded calendar year before the student receives an education
29	scholarship pursuant to the act, has a gross income which does not exceed
30	the income indicated in the income eligibility guidelines for reduced
31	price meals under the National School Lunch Program in 7 C.F.R. part 210,

1	as such part existed on January 1, 2023; and
2	<u>(b)(i) Is receiving an education scholarship for the first time and</u>
3	is (A) entering kindergarten or ninth grade in a qualified school or (B)
4	transferring from a public school at which the student was enrolled for
5	at least one semester immediately preceding the first semester for which
6	the student receives an education scholarship to a qualified school and
7	is entering any of grades kindergarten through twelve;
8	<u>(ii) Has previously received an education scholarship and is</u>
9	continuing education at a qualified school until such student graduates
10	from high school or reaches twenty-one years of age, whichever comes
11	<u>first; or</u>
12	(iii) Is the sibling of a student who is receiving an education
13	scholarship and resides in the same household as such student;
14	<u>(4) Qualified school means any nongovernmental, privately operated</u>
15	elementary or secondary school located in this state that (a) is operated
16	not for profit, (b) complies with the antidiscrimination provisions of 42
17	<u>U.S.C. 1981 as such section existed on January 1, 2023, (c) complies with</u>
18	all health and life safety laws or codes that apply to privately operated
19	schools, and (d) fulfills the applicable accreditation or approval
20	requirements established by the State Board of Education pursuant to
21	<u>section 79-318;</u>
22	<u>(5) Scholarship-granting organization means a charitable</u>
23	organization in this state that is (a) exempt from federal income
24	<u>taxation pursuant to section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of</u>
25	<u>1986, as amended, and (b) certified pursuant to section 4 of this act to</u>
26	provide tax-credit-supported education scholarships to eligible students
27	to assist them in attending qualified schools; and
28	<u>(6) Tuition means any amount charged by a qualified school for</u>
29	enrollment in its instructional program. Tuition shall not exceed the
30	full cost of educating an eligible student at such qualified school.

31 Sec. 4. (1) An organization may apply to the department to become

1	certified as a scholarship-granting organization under the Opportunity
2	Scholarships Act. An organization shall obtain such certification prior
3	to providing any education scholarships to eligible students under the
4	act. The applicant shall provide the department with sufficient
5	<u>information to show:</u>
6	<u>(a) That the applicant is exempt from federal income taxation under</u>
7	<u>section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended;</u>
8	<u>(b) That the applicant will offer one or more education scholarship</u>
9	programs for eligible students;
10	(c) That the applicant will be able to comply with the requirements
11	of section 10 of this act;
12	<u>(d) That the applicant will provide education scholarships for</u>
13	eligible students without limiting education scholarship availability to
14	only one qualified school;
15	<u>(e) That the applicant will:</u>
16	<u>(i) Give first priority to:</u>
17	<u>(A) Eligible students who received an education scholarship from a</u>
18	scholarship-granting organization during the previous school year; and
19	<u>(B) The sibling of a student who is receiving an education</u>
20	scholarship, so long as the sibling resides in the same household as such
21	<u>student;</u>
22	<u>(ii) Give second priority to:</u>
23	<u>(A) Eligible students whose household income levels do not exceed</u>
24	one hundred percent of the federal poverty level;
25	(B) Eligible students whose application for the enrollment option
26	program established in section 79-234 has been denied;
27	(C) Eligible students who have an individualized education plan;
28	<u>(D) Eligible students who are experiencing bullying, harassment,</u>
29	<u>hazing, assault, battery, kidnapping, robbery, sexual offenses, threat or</u>
30	intimidation, or fighting at school;
31	(E) Eligible students who are in foster care; and

1	(F) Eligible students who are in a family with a parent or guardian
2	actively serving in a branch of the armed forces of the United States or
3	<u>in the National Guard, or whose parent or guardian was killed serving in</u>
4	the line of duty;
5	<u>(iii) Give third priority to eligible students whose household</u>
6	income levels exceed one hundred percent of the federal poverty level but
7	do not exceed one hundred eighty-five percent of the federal poverty
8	<u>level;</u>
9	<u>(iv) Give fourth priority to eligible students whose household</u>
10	income levels exceed one hundred eighty-five percent of the federal
11	poverty level but do not exceed two hundred thirteen percent of the
12	federal poverty level; and
13	<u>(v) Give fifth priority to all other eligible students, regardless</u>
14	<u>of household income levels;</u>
15	<u>(f) That the applicant will limit the maximum scholarship amount</u>
16	<u>awarded to any student to the cost of tuition and fees at the qualified</u>
17	school such student attends; and
18	<u>(g) That the applicant will limit scholarship amounts awarded to</u>
19	students in a manner that assures that the average of the scholarship
20	amounts awarded per student does not exceed seventy-five percent of the
21	statewide average general fund operating expenditures per formula student
22	for the most recently available complete data year as such terms are
23	defined in section 79-1003.
24	(2) If the applicant meets the requirements of this section, the
25	department shall certify it as a scholarship-granting organization for
26	tax-credit purposes under the Opportunity Scholarships Act. Such
27	certification is subject to revocation by the department if the
28	scholarship-granting organization subsequently fails to fulfill the
29	requirements of this section or section 10 of this act.
30	Sec. 5. <u>(1) An individual taxpayer who makes one or more cash</u>
31	contributions to one or more scholarship-granting organizations during a

tax year shall be eligible for a credit against the income tax due under 1 2 the Nebraska Revenue Act of 1967. Except as otherwise provided in the 3 Opportunity Scholarships Act, the amount of the credit shall be equal to 4 the lesser of (a) the total amount of such contributions made during the tax year or (b) fifty percent of the income tax liability of such 5 taxpayer for the tax year. A taxpayer may only claim a credit pursuant to 6 7 this section for the portion of the contribution that was not claimed as a charitable contribution under the Internal Revenue Code. 8 9 (2) Taxpayers who are married but file separate returns for a tax 10 year in which they could have filed a joint return may each claim only one-half of the tax credit that would otherwise have been allowed for a 11 12 joint return.

13 (3) The tax credit allowed under this section shall be a 14 nonrefundable credit. Any amount of the credit that is unused may be 15 carried forward and applied against the taxpayer's income tax liability 16 for the next five years immediately following the tax year in which the 17 credit is first allowed. The tax credit cannot be carried back.

18 (4) The taxpayer may not designate all or any part of the
 19 contribution to a scholarship-granting organization for the benefit of
 20 any eligible student specifically identified by the taxpayer.

21 (5) The tax credit allowed under this section is subject to section
22 9 of this act.

(1) Any partnership, limited liability company, or 23 Sec. 6. 24 corporation having an election in effect under subchapter S of the 25 Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, that (a) is carrying on any trade or business for which deductions would be allowed under section 162 26 27 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, or is carrying on any 28 rental activity and (b) makes one or more cash contributions to one or more scholarship-granting organizations during a tax year shall be 29 30 eligible for a credit against the income tax due under the Nebraska Revenue Act of 1967. Except as otherwise provided in the Opportunity 31

Scholarships Act, the amount of the credit shall be equal to the lesser 1 2 of (a) the total amount of such contributions made during the tax year or 3 (b) fifty percent of the income tax liability of such taxpayer for the 4 tax year. A taxpayer may only claim a credit pursuant to this section for 5 the portion of the contribution that was not claimed as a charitable contribution under the Internal Revenue Code. The credit shall be 6 7 attributed to each partner, member, or shareholder in the same proportion used to report the partnership's, limited liability company's, or 8 9 subchapter S corporation's income or loss for income tax purposes.

10 (2) The tax credit allowed under this section shall be a 11 nonrefundable credit. Any amount of the tax credit that is unused may be 12 carried forward and applied against the taxpayer's income tax liability 13 for the next five years immediately following the tax year in which the 14 credit is first allowed. The tax credit cannot be carried back.

15 (3) The taxpayer may not designate all or any part of the
 16 contribution to a scholarship-granting organization for the benefit of
 17 any eligible student specifically identified by the taxpayer.

18 (4) The tax credit allowed under this section is subject to section
19 9 of this act.

(1) An estate or trust which makes one or more cash 20 Sec. 7. 21 contributions to one or more scholarship-granting organizations during a 22 tax year shall be eligible for a credit against the income tax due under the Nebraska Revenue Act of 1967. Except as otherwise provided in the 23 24 Opportunity Scholarships Act, the amount of the credit shall be equal to 25 the lesser of (a) the total amount of such contributions made during the tax year or (b) fifty percent of the income tax liability of such 26 27 taxpayer for the tax year. A taxpayer may only claim a credit pursuant to 28 this section for the portion of the contribution that was not claimed as a charitable contribution under the Internal Revenue Code. Any credit not 29 30 used by the estate or trust may be attributed to each beneficiary of the estate or trust in the same proportion used to report the beneficiary's 31

1 income from the estate or trust for income tax purposes.

2 (2) The tax credit allowed under this section shall be a 3 nonrefundable credit. Any amount of the tax credit that is unused may be 4 carried forward and applied against the taxpayer's income tax liability 5 for the next five years immediately following the tax year in which the 6 credit is first allowed. The tax credit cannot be carried back.

7 (3) The taxpayer may not designate all or any part of the
8 contribution to a scholarship-granting organization for the benefit of
9 any eligible student specifically identified by the taxpayer.

10 (4) The tax credit allowed under this section is subject to section
 11 9 of this act.

(1) A corporate taxpayer as defined in section 77-2734.04 12 Sec. 8. which makes one or more cash contributions to one or more scholarship-13 granting organizations during a tax year shall be eligible for a credit 14 15 against the income tax due under the Nebraska Revenue Act of 1967. Except 16 as otherwise provided in the Opportunity Scholarships Act, the amount of 17 the credit shall be equal to the lesser of (a) the total amount of such 18 contributions made during the tax year or (b) fifty percent of the income 19 tax liability of such taxpayer for the tax year. A taxpayer may only claim a credit pursuant to this section for the portion of the 20 21 contribution that was not claimed as a charitable contribution under the 22 Internal Revenue Code.

23 (2) The tax credit allowed under this section shall be a 24 nonrefundable credit. Any amount of the tax credit that is unused may be 25 carried forward and applied against the taxpayer's income tax liability 26 for the next five years immediately following the tax year in which the 27 credit is first allowed. The tax credit cannot be carried back.

(3) The taxpayer may not designate all or any part of the
 contribution to a scholarship-granting organization for the benefit of
 any eligible student specifically identified by the taxpayer.

31 (4) The tax credit allowed under this section is subject to section

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9 of this act.

T	<u>9 UT LITTS ACL.</u>
2	Sec. 9. <u>(1) Prior to making a contribution to a scholarship-</u>
3	granting organization, any taxpayer desiring to claim a tax credit under
4	the Opportunity Scholarships Act shall notify the scholarship-granting
5	organization of the taxpayer's intent to make a contribution and the
6	amount to be claimed as a tax credit. Upon receiving each such
7	notification, the scholarship-granting organization shall notify the
8	department of the intended tax credit amount. If the department
9	determines that the intended tax credit amount in the notification would
10	exceed the limit specified in subsection (3) of this section, the
11	department shall notify the scholarship-granting organization of its
12	determination within thirty days after receipt of the notification. The
13	scholarship-granting organization shall then promptly notify the taxpayer
14	of the department's determination that the intended tax credit amount in
15	the notification is not available. If an amount less than the amount
16	indicated in the notification is available for a tax credit, the
17	department shall notify the scholarship-granting organization of the
18	available amount and the scholarship-granting organization shall notify
19	the taxpayer of the available amount within three business days.

20 (2) In order to be allowed a tax credit as provided by the act, the taxpayer shall make its contribution between thirty-one and sixty days 21 after notifying the scholarship-granting organization of the taxpayer's 22 23 intent to make a contribution. If the scholarship-granting organization 24 does not receive the contribution within the required time period, it shall notify the department of such fact and the department shall no 25 26 longer include such amount when calculating whether the limit prescribed in subsection (3) of this section has been exceeded. If the scholarship-27 28 granting organization receives the contribution within the required time 29 period, it shall provide the taxpayer with a receipt for the contribution. The receipt shall show the name and address of the 30 31 scholarship-granting organization, the date the scholarship-granting

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organization was certified by the department in accordance with section 4
of this act, the name, address, and, if available, tax identification
number of the taxpayer making the contribution, the amount of the
contribution, and the date the contribution was received.
(3) The department shall consider notifications regarding intended
tax credit amounts in the order in which they are received to ascertain
whether the intended tax credit amounts are within the annual limit

8 provided in this subsection. The annual limit on the total amount of tax 9 credits for calendar year 2024 shall be twenty-five million dollars. The 10 annual limit on the total amount of tax credits for calendar year 2025 11 and each calendar year thereafter shall be calculated by taking the 12 annual limit from the prior calendar year and then multiplying such 13 amount by:

(a) One hundred twenty-five percent if the intended tax credit
 amounts in the prior calendar year exceeded ninety percent of the annual
 limit applicable to that calendar year; or

17 (b) One hundred percent if the intended tax credit amounts in the 18 prior calendar year did not exceed ninety percent of the annual limit 19 applicable to that calendar year.

(4) The State Department of Education and the Department of Revenue
 shall publish on their respective web sites information identifying the
 annual limit when it is increased pursuant to subsection (3) of this
 section.

24 (5) Once credits have reached the designated annual limit for any 25 calendar year, no additional credits shall be allowed for such calendar 26 year. Credits shall be prorated among the notifications received on the 27 day the annual limit is exceeded.

28 Sec. 10. <u>(1) In order for a scholarship-granting organization to</u> 29 <u>remain certified under the Opportunity Scholarships Act, the scholarship-</u> 30 <u>granting organization shall allocate its revenue as follows:</u>

31 (a) If the annual limit on tax credits under section 9 of this act

<u>is less than thirty-five million dollars, the scholarship-granting</u>
 <u>organization shall allocate at least ninety percent of its revenue for</u>
 <u>education scholarships and no more than ten percent of its revenue shall</u>
 <u>be used or reserved for administrative costs; or</u>

5 (b) If the annual limit on tax credits under section 9 of this act 6 is thirty-five million dollars or more, the scholarship-granting 7 organization shall allocate at least ninety-five percent of its revenue 8 for education scholarships, and no more than five percent of its revenue 9 shall be used or reserved for administrative costs.

10 (2) For purposes of this section, revenue is allocated when it is 11 expended or otherwise irrevocably encumbered for expenditure. The 12 percentage of funds allocated for education scholarships shall be 13 measured as a monthly average over the most recent twenty-four-month 14 period or, for a scholarship-granting organization that has been 15 certified for less than twenty-four months, over the period of time that 16 the scholarship-granting organization has been certified.

17 Sec. 11. (1) Each scholarship-granting organization shall annually 18 submit to the department no later than December 1 of each year an audited 19 financial information report for its most recent fiscal year certified by 20 an independent public accountant.

(2) Each scholarship-granting organization shall include with the 21 22 report submitted under subsection (1) of this section a summary description of (a) its policies and procedures for awarding education 23 24 scholarships, (b) the number of eligible students receiving education 25 scholarships in the most recent fiscal year, (c) the total amount of contributions received for education scholarships in the most recent 26 fiscal year, and (d) the total amount of education scholarships awarded 27 28 in the most recent fiscal year.

29 (3) The department shall electronically forward such reports and
 30 summary descriptions to the Governor and the Legislature no later than
 31 December 31 of each year.

2023	2023
1	Sec. 12. The Opportunity Scholarships Act shall not be construed as
2	granting any expanded or additional authority to the State of Nebraska to
3	control or influence the governance or policies of any qualified school
4	due to the fact that the qualified school admits and enrolls students who
5	receive education scholarships or as requiring any such qualified school
6	to admit or, once admitted, to continue the enrollment of any student
7	receiving an education scholarship.
8	Sec. 13. <u>The department may adopt and promulgate rules and</u>
9	regulations to carry out the Opportunity Scholarships Act.
10	Sec. 14. Section 77-2715.07, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
11	2022, is amended to read:
12	77-2715.07 (1) There shall be allowed to qualified resident
13	individuals as a nonrefundable credit against the income tax imposed by
14	the Nebraska Revenue Act of 1967:
15	(a) A credit equal to the federal credit allowed under section 22 of
16	the Internal Revenue Code; and
17	(b) A credit for taxes paid to another state as provided in section
18	77-2730.
19	(2) There shall be allowed to qualified resident individuals against
20	the income tax imposed by the Nebraska Revenue Act of 1967:
21	(a) For returns filed reporting federal adjusted gross incomes of
22	greater than twenty-nine thousand dollars, a nonrefundable credit equal
23	to twenty-five percent of the federal credit allowed under section 21 of
24	the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, except that for taxable
25	years beginning or deemed to begin on or after January 1, 2015, such
26	nonrefundable credit shall be allowed only if the individual would have
27	received the federal credit allowed under section 21 of the code after
28	adding back in any carryforward of a net operating loss that was deducted
29	pursuant to such section in determining eligibility for the federal
30	credit;
31	(b) For returns filed reporting federal adjusted gross income of

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1 twenty-nine thousand dollars or less, a refundable credit equal to a 2 percentage of the federal credit allowable under section 21 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, whether or not the federal 3 credit was limited by the federal tax liability. The percentage of the 4 federal credit shall be one hundred percent for incomes not greater than 5 twenty-two thousand dollars, and the percentage shall be reduced by ten 6 percent for each one thousand dollars, or fraction thereof, by which the 7 reported federal adjusted gross income exceeds twenty-two thousand 8 9 dollars, except that for taxable years beginning or deemed to begin on or after January 1, 2015, such refundable credit shall be allowed only if 10 the individual would have received the federal credit allowed under 11 section 21 of the code after adding back in any carryforward of a net 12 operating loss that was deducted pursuant to such section in determining 13 eligibility for the federal credit; 14

(c) A refundable credit as provided in section 77-5209.01 for
individuals who qualify for an income tax credit as a qualified beginning
farmer or livestock producer under the Beginning Farmer Tax Credit Act
for all taxable years beginning or deemed to begin on or after January 1,
2006, under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended;

(d) A refundable credit for individuals who qualify for an income
tax credit under the Angel Investment Tax Credit Act, the Nebraska
Advantage Microenterprise Tax Credit Act, the Nebraska Advantage Research
and Development Act, or the Volunteer Emergency Responders Incentive Act;
and

(e) A refundable credit equal to ten percent of the federal credit allowed under section 32 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, except that for taxable years beginning or deemed to begin on or after January 1, 2015, such refundable credit shall be allowed only if the individual would have received the federal credit allowed under section 32 of the code after adding back in any carryforward of a net operating loss that was deducted pursuant to such section in determining

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1 eligibility for the federal credit.

2 (3) There shall be allowed to all individuals as a nonrefundable 3 credit against the income tax imposed by the Nebraska Revenue Act of 4 1967:

5 (a) A credit for personal exemptions allowed under section6 77-2716.01;

7 (b) A credit for contributions to certified community betterment 8 programs as provided in the Community Development Assistance Act. Each 9 partner, each shareholder of an electing subchapter S corporation, each 10 beneficiary of an estate or trust, or each member of a limited liability 11 company shall report his or her share of the credit in the same manner 12 and proportion as he or she reports the partnership, subchapter S 13 corporation, estate, trust, or limited liability company income;

14 (c) A credit for investment in a biodiesel facility as provided in15 section 77-27,236;

16 (d) A credit as provided in the New Markets Job Growth Investment17 Act;

(e) A credit as provided in the Nebraska Job Creation and Mainstreet
 Revitalization Act;

20 (f) A credit to employers as provided in sections 77-27,238 and 21 77-27,240;—and

22 (g) A credit as provided in the Affordable Housing Tax Credit Act; 23 and -

24 (h) A credit as provided in the Opportunity Scholarships Act.

(4) There shall be allowed as a credit against the income taximposed by the Nebraska Revenue Act of 1967:

27 (a) A credit to all resident estates and trusts for taxes paid to
28 another state as provided in section 77-2730;

(b) A credit to all estates and trusts for contributions to
certified community betterment programs as provided in the Community
Development Assistance Act; and

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1 (c) A refundable credit for individuals who qualify for an income 2 tax credit as an owner of agricultural assets under the Beginning Farmer Tax Credit Act for all taxable years beginning or deemed to begin on or 3 4 after January 1, 2009, under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. The credit allowed for each partner, shareholder, member, or 5 beneficiary of a partnership, corporation, limited liability company, or 6 estate or trust qualifying for an income tax credit as an owner of 7 agricultural assets under the Beginning Farmer Tax Credit Act shall be 8 equal to the partner's, shareholder's, member's, or beneficiary's portion 9 of the amount of tax credit distributed pursuant to subsection (6) of 10 section 77-5211. 11

(5)(a) For all taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2007, 12 and before January 1, 2009, under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as 13 amended, there shall be allowed to each partner, shareholder, member, or 14 beneficiary of a partnership, subchapter S corporation, limited liability 15 16 company, or estate or trust a nonrefundable credit against the income tax imposed by the Nebraska Revenue Act of 1967 equal to fifty percent of the 17 partner's, shareholder's, member's, or beneficiary's portion of the 18 19 amount of franchise tax paid to the state under sections 77-3801 to 77-3807 by a financial institution. 20

(b) For all taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2009, 21 under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, there shall be 22 23 allowed to each partner, shareholder, member, or beneficiary of a 24 partnership, subchapter S corporation, limited liability company, or 25 estate or trust a nonrefundable credit against the income tax imposed by the Nebraska Revenue Act of 1967 equal to the partner's, shareholder's, 26 member's, or beneficiary's portion of the amount of franchise tax paid to 27 the state under sections 77-3801 to 77-3807 by a financial institution. 28

(c) Each partner, shareholder, member, or beneficiary shall report
his or her share of the credit in the same manner and proportion as he or
she reports the partnership, subchapter S corporation, limited liability

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company, or estate or trust income. If any partner, shareholder, member,
 or beneficiary cannot fully utilize the credit for that year, the credit
 may not be carried forward or back.

4 (6) There shall be allowed to all individuals nonrefundable credits 5 against the income tax imposed by the Nebraska Revenue Act of 1967 as 6 provided in section 77-3604 and refundable credits against the income tax 7 imposed by the Nebraska Revenue Act of 1967 as provided in section 8 77-3605.

9 (7)(a) For taxable years beginning or deemed to begin on or after 10 January 1, 2020, and before January 1, 2026, under the Internal Revenue 11 Code of 1986, as amended, a nonrefundable credit against the income tax 12 imposed by the Nebraska Revenue Act of 1967 in the amount of five 13 thousand dollars shall be allowed to any individual who purchases a 14 residence during the taxable year if such residence:

(i) Is located within an area that has been declared an extremely
blighted area under section 18-2101.02;

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(ii) Is the individual's primary residence; and

(iii) Was not purchased from a family member of the individual or afamily member of the individual's spouse.

(b) The credit provided in this subsection shall be claimed for the taxable year in which the residence is purchased. If the individual cannot fully utilize the credit for such year, the credit may be carried forward to subsequent taxable years until fully utilized.

(c) No more than one credit may be claimed under this subsectionwith respect to a single residence.

(d) The credit provided in this subsection shall be subject to recapture by the Department of Revenue if the individual claiming the credit sells or otherwise transfers the residence or quits using the residence as his or her primary residence within five years after the end of the taxable year in which the credit was claimed.

31 (e) For purposes of this subsection, family member means an

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individual's spouse, child, parent, brother, sister, grandchild, or
 grandparent, whether by blood, marriage, or adoption.

3 (8) There shall be allowed to all individuals refundable credits 4 against the income tax imposed by the Nebraska Revenue Act of 1967 as 5 provided in the Nebraska Higher Blend Tax Credit Act, the Nebraska 6 Property Tax Incentive Act, and the Renewable Chemical Production Tax 7 Credit Act.

8 (9)(a) For taxable years beginning or deemed to begin on or after 9 January 1, 2022, under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, a 10 refundable credit against the income tax imposed by the Nebraska Revenue 11 Act of 1967 shall be allowed to the parent of a stillborn child if:

(i) A fetal death certificate is filed pursuant to subsection (1) of
section 71-606 for such child;

14 (ii) Such child had advanced to at least the twentieth week of15 gestation; and

16 (iii) Such child would have been a dependent of the individual17 claiming the credit.

18 (b) The amount of the credit shall be two thousand dollars.

(c) The credit shall be allowed for the taxable year in which thestillbirth occurred.

Sec. 15. Section 77-2717, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
2022, is amended to read:

77-2717 (1)(a)(i) For taxable years beginning or deemed to begin 23 24 before January 1, 2014, the tax imposed on all resident estates and 25 trusts shall be a percentage of the federal taxable income of such estates and trusts as modified in section 77-2716, plus a percentage of 26 the federal alternative minimum tax and the federal tax on premature or 27 28 lump-sum distributions from qualified retirement plans. The additional taxes shall be recomputed by (A) substituting Nebraska taxable income for 29 federal taxable income, (B) calculating what the federal alternative 30 minimum tax would be on Nebraska taxable income and adjusting such 31

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calculations for any items which are reflected differently in the 1 2 determination of federal taxable income, and (C) applying Nebraska rates to the result. The federal credit for prior year minimum tax, after the 3 4 recomputations required by the Nebraska Revenue Act of 1967, and the 5 credits provided in the Nebraska Advantage Microenterprise Tax Credit Act and the Nebraska Advantage Research and Development Act shall be allowed 6 7 as a reduction in the income tax due. A refundable income tax credit shall be allowed for all resident estates and trusts under the Angel 8 Investment Tax Credit Act, the Nebraska Advantage Microenterprise Tax 9 Credit Act, and the Nebraska Advantage Research and Development Act. A 10 nonrefundable income tax credit shall be allowed for all resident estates 11 and trusts as provided in the New Markets Job Growth Investment Act. 12

13 (ii) For taxable years beginning or deemed to begin on or after January 1, 2014, the tax imposed on all resident estates and trusts shall 14 be a percentage of the federal taxable income of such estates and trusts 15 as modified in section 77-2716, plus a percentage of the federal tax on 16 17 premature or lump-sum distributions from qualified retirement plans. The additional taxes shall be recomputed by substituting Nebraska taxable 18 19 income for federal taxable income and applying Nebraska rates to the result. The credits provided in the Nebraska Advantage Microenterprise 20 Tax Credit Act and the Nebraska Advantage Research and Development Act 21 shall be allowed as a reduction in the income tax due. A refundable 22 income tax credit shall be allowed for all resident estates and trusts 23 24 under the Angel Investment Tax Credit Act, the Nebraska Advantage Microenterprise Tax Credit Act, the Nebraska Advantage Research and 25 Development Act, the Nebraska Higher Blend Tax Credit Act, the Nebraska 26 Property Tax Incentive Act, and the Renewable Chemical Production Tax 27 Credit Act. A nonrefundable income tax credit shall be allowed for all 28 resident estates and trusts as provided in the Nebraska Job Creation and 29 Mainstreet Revitalization Act, the New Markets Job Growth Investment Act, 30 the School Readiness Tax Credit Act, the Affordable Housing Tax Credit 31

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Act, <u>the Opportunity Scholarships Act</u>, and sections 77-27,238 and
 77-27,240.

(b) The tax imposed on all nonresident estates and trusts shall be 3 the portion of the tax imposed on resident estates and trusts which is 4 attributable to the income derived from sources within this state. The 5 tax which is attributable to income derived from sources within this 6 7 state shall be determined by multiplying the liability to this state for a resident estate or trust with the same total income by a fraction, the 8 9 numerator of which is the nonresident estate's or trust's Nebraska income as determined by sections 77-2724 and 77-2725 and the denominator of 10 which is its total federal income after first adjusting each by the 11 amounts provided in section 77-2716. The federal credit for prior year 12 13 minimum tax, after the recomputations required by the Nebraska Revenue Act of 1967, reduced by the percentage of the total income which is 14 attributable to income from sources outside this state, and the credits 15 provided in the Nebraska Advantage Microenterprise Tax Credit Act and the 16 17 Nebraska Advantage Research and Development Act shall be allowed as a reduction in the income tax due. A refundable income tax credit shall be 18 19 allowed for all nonresident estates and trusts under the Angel Investment Tax Credit Act, the Nebraska Advantage Microenterprise Tax Credit Act, 20 the Nebraska Advantage Research and Development Act, the Nebraska Higher 21 22 Blend Tax Credit Act, the Nebraska Property Tax Incentive Act, and the Renewable Chemical Production Tax Credit Act. A nonrefundable income tax 23 24 credit shall be allowed for all nonresident estates and trusts as 25 provided in the Nebraska Job Creation and Mainstreet Revitalization Act, the New Markets Job Growth Investment Act, the School Readiness Tax 26 Credit Act, the Affordable Housing Tax Credit Act, the Opportunity 27 Scholarships Act, and sections 77-27,238 and 77-27,240. 28

(2) In all instances wherein a fiduciary income tax return is
required under the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code, a Nebraska
fiduciary return shall be filed, except that a fiduciary return shall not

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be required to be filed regarding a simple trust if all of the trust's 1 2 beneficiaries are residents of the State of Nebraska, all of the trust's income is derived from sources in this state, and the trust has no 3 4 federal tax liability. The fiduciary shall be responsible for making the 5 return for the estate or trust for which he or she acts, whether the income be taxable to the estate or trust or to the beneficiaries thereof. 6 The fiduciary shall include in the return a statement of each 7 8 beneficiary's distributive share of net income when such income is 9 taxable to such beneficiaries.

10 (3) The beneficiaries of such estate or trust who are residents of this state shall include in their income their proportionate share of 11 such estate's or trust's federal income and shall reduce their Nebraska 12 13 tax liability by their proportionate share of the credits as provided in 14 Investment Tax Credit Act, Nebraska the Angel the Advantage 15 Microenterprise Tax Credit Act, the Nebraska Advantage Research and Development Act, the Nebraska Job Creation and Mainstreet Revitalization 16 17 Act, the New Markets Job Growth Investment Act, the School Readiness Tax Credit Act, the Affordable Housing Tax Credit Act, the Nebraska Higher 18 19 Blend Tax Credit Act, the Nebraska Property Tax Incentive Act, the Chemical Production Tax Credit 20 Renewable Act, the Opportunity Scholarships Act, and sections 77-27,238 and 77-27,240. There shall be 21 22 allowed to a beneficiary a refundable income tax credit under the 23 Beginning Farmer Tax Credit Act for all taxable years beginning or deemed to begin on or after January 1, 2001, under the Internal Revenue Code of 24 25 1986, as amended.

(4) If any beneficiary of such estate or trust is a nonresident during any part of the estate's or trust's taxable year, he or she shall file a Nebraska income tax return which shall include (a) in Nebraska adjusted gross income that portion of the estate's or trust's Nebraska income, as determined under sections 77-2724 and 77-2725, allocable to his or her interest in the estate or trust and (b) a reduction of the

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Nebraska tax liability by his or her proportionate share of the credits 1 2 as provided in the Angel Investment Tax Credit Act, the Nebraska 3 Advantage Microenterprise Tax Credit Act, the Nebraska Advantage Research 4 and Development Act, the Nebraska Job Creation and Mainstreet 5 Revitalization Act, the New Markets Job Growth Investment Act, the School Readiness Tax Credit Act, the Affordable Housing Tax Credit Act, the 6 Nebraska Higher Blend Tax Credit Act, the Nebraska Property Tax Incentive 7 Act, the Renewable Chemical Production Tax Credit Act, the Opportunity 8 9 Scholarships Act, and sections 77-27,238 and 77-27,240 and shall execute and forward to the fiduciary, on or before the original due date of the 10 Nebraska fiduciary return, an agreement which states that he or she will 11 file a Nebraska income tax return and pay income tax on all income 12 derived from or connected with sources in this state, and such agreement 13 shall be attached to the Nebraska fiduciary return for such taxable year. 14

(5) In the absence of the nonresident beneficiary's executed 15 16 agreement being attached to the Nebraska fiduciary return, the estate or trust shall remit a portion of such beneficiary's income which was 17 derived from or attributable to Nebraska sources with its Nebraska return 18 19 for the taxable year. For taxable years beginning or deemed to begin before January 1, 2013, the amount of remittance, in such instance, shall 20 be the highest individual income tax rate determined under section 21 77-2715.02 multiplied by the nonresident beneficiary's share of the 22 estate or trust income which was derived from or attributable to sources 23 24 within this state. For taxable years beginning or deemed to begin on or 25 after January 1, 2013, the amount of remittance, in such instance, shall be the highest individual income tax rate determined under section 26 77-2715.03 multiplied by the nonresident beneficiary's share of the 27 estate or trust income which was derived from or attributable to sources 28 within this state. The amount remitted shall be allowed as a credit 29 against the Nebraska income tax liability of the beneficiary. 30

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(6) The Tax Commissioner may allow a nonresident beneficiary to not

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1 file a Nebraska income tax return if the nonresident beneficiary's only source of Nebraska income was his or her share of the estate's or trust's 2 income which was derived from or attributable to sources within this 3 4 state, the nonresident did not file an agreement to file a Nebraska 5 income tax return, and the estate or trust has remitted the amount required by subsection (5) of this section on behalf of such nonresident 6 7 beneficiary. The amount remitted shall be retained in satisfaction of the Nebraska income tax liability of the nonresident beneficiary. 8

9 (7) For purposes of this section, unless the context otherwise 10 requires, simple trust shall mean any trust instrument which (a) requires 11 that all income shall be distributed currently to the beneficiaries, (b) 12 does not allow amounts to be paid, permanently set aside, or used in the 13 tax year for charitable purposes, and (c) does not distribute amounts 14 allocated in the corpus of the trust. Any trust which does not qualify as 15 a simple trust shall be deemed a complex trust.

16 (8) For purposes of this section, any beneficiary of an estate or 17 trust that is a grantor trust of a nonresident shall be disregarded and 18 this section shall apply as though the nonresident grantor was the 19 beneficiary.

Sec. 16. Section 77-2734.03, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
2022, is amended to read:

77-2734.03 (1)(a) For taxable years commencing prior to January 1, 1997, any (i) insurer paying a tax on premiums and assessments pursuant to section 77-908 or 81-523, (ii) electric cooperative organized under the Joint Public Power Authority Act, or (iii) credit union shall be credited, in the computation of the tax due under the Nebraska Revenue Act of 1967, with the amount paid during the taxable year as taxes on such premiums and assessments and taxes in lieu of intangible tax.

(b) For taxable years commencing on or after January 1, 1997, any
insurer paying a tax on premiums and assessments pursuant to section
77-908 or 81-523, any electric cooperative organized under the Joint

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Public Power Authority Act, or any credit union shall be credited, in the computation of the tax due under the Nebraska Revenue Act of 1967, with the amount paid during the taxable year as (i) taxes on such premiums and assessments included as Nebraska premiums and assessments under section 77-2734.05 and (ii) taxes in lieu of intangible tax.

6 (c) For taxable years commencing or deemed to commence prior to, on, 7 or after January 1, 1998, any insurer paying a tax on premiums and 8 assessments pursuant to section 77-908 or 81-523 shall be credited, in 9 the computation of the tax due under the Nebraska Revenue Act of 1967, 10 with the amount paid during the taxable year as assessments allowed as an 11 offset against premium and related retaliatory tax liability pursuant to 12 section 44-4233.

(2) There shall be allowed to corporate taxpayers a tax credit for
 contributions to community betterment programs as provided in the
 Community Development Assistance Act.

16 (3) There shall be allowed to corporate taxpayers a refundable
17 income tax credit under the Beginning Farmer Tax Credit Act for all
18 taxable years beginning or deemed to begin on or after January 1, 2001,
19 under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

(4) The changes made to this section by Laws 2004, LB 983, apply to
motor fuels purchased during any tax year ending or deemed to end on or
after January 1, 2005, under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as
amended.

(5) There shall be allowed to corporate taxpayers refundable income
tax credits under the Nebraska Advantage Microenterprise Tax Credit Act,
the Nebraska Advantage Research and Development Act, the Nebraska Higher
Blend Tax Credit Act, the Nebraska Property Tax Incentive Act, and the
Renewable Chemical Production Tax Credit Act.

(6) There shall be allowed to corporate taxpayers a nonrefundable
income tax credit for investment in a biodiesel facility as provided in
section 77-27,236.

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1 (7) There shall be allowed to corporate taxpayers a nonrefundable 2 income tax credit as provided in the Nebraska Job Creation and Mainstreet 3 Revitalization Act, the New Markets Job Growth Investment Act, the School 4 Readiness Tax Credit Act, the Affordable Housing Tax Credit Act, <u>the</u> 5 <u>Opportunity Scholarships Act,</u> and sections 77-27,238 and 77-27,240.

6 Sec. 17. This act becomes operative for all taxable years beginning 7 or deemed to begin on or after January 1, 2024, under the Internal 8 Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

9 Sec. 18. If any section in this act or any part of any section is 10 declared invalid or unconstitutional, the declaration shall not affect 11 the validity or constitutionality of the remaining portions.

Sec. 19. Original sections 77-2715.07, 77-2717, and 77-2734.03,
 Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2022, are repealed.